

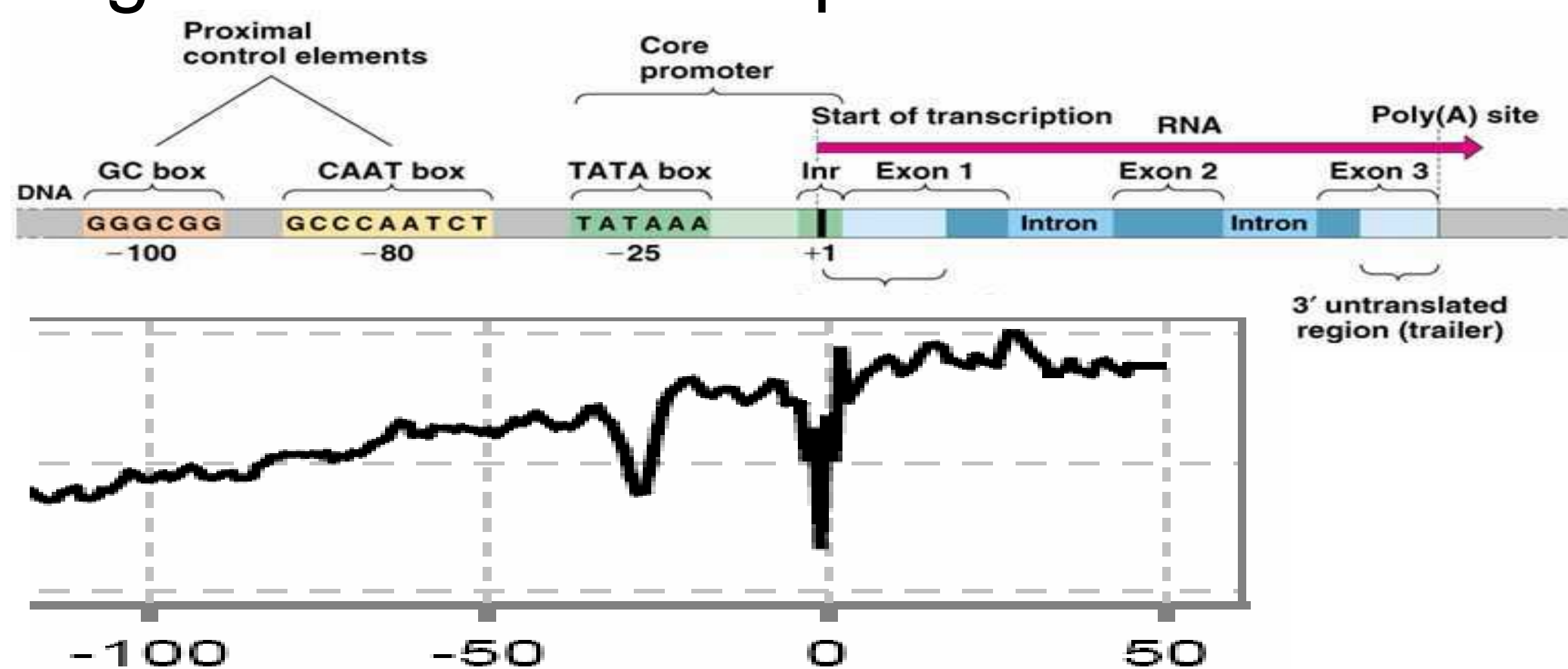
## Background

At the moment approximately 50 eukaryotic genomes are sequenced and more are in the pipeline. To keep up with the pace of sequencing projects, **automated annotation techniques are required**. One of the most challenging problems in genome annotation is the delineation of the core promoter.

**Accurate promoter prediction may improve genome annotation and can guide experimental work.**

## Challenges

- Genome (3Gbp) → genes → promoter → core promoter (50 bp)
- Many genomes (350 projects)
- Little sequence preservation in core promoter
- High number of false positives



## Prediction techniques

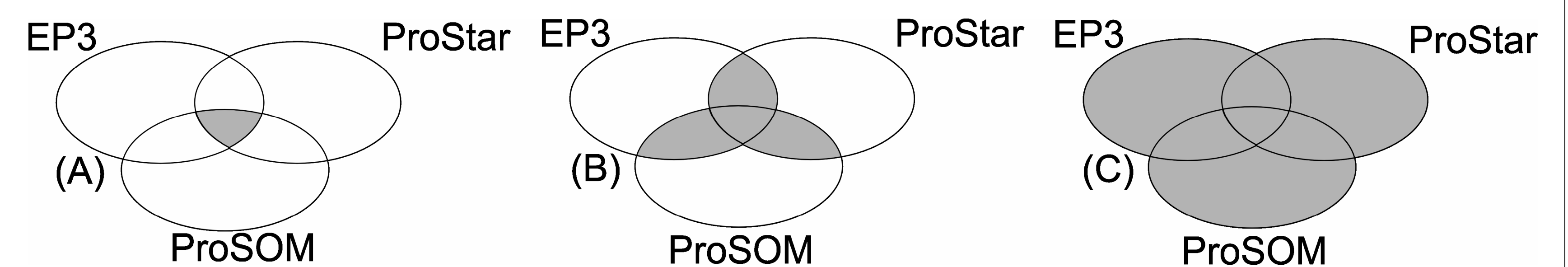
**ProStar**: A new method for the prediction of promoter regions based on atomic molecular dynamics simulations of small oligonucleotides has been developed. (Goni et al. 2007)

**EP3** is a tool for the identification of the core region of a eukaryotic gene promoter. It uses universal properties of the promoter to detect those regions in a whole genome context. (Abeel et al. 2008)

**ProSOM** is a promoter prediction program based on clustering of physical properties of DNA. The program uses self-organizing maps to distinguish between the structural profiles of promoter sequences and other genomic sequences.

## Set operation to increase precision

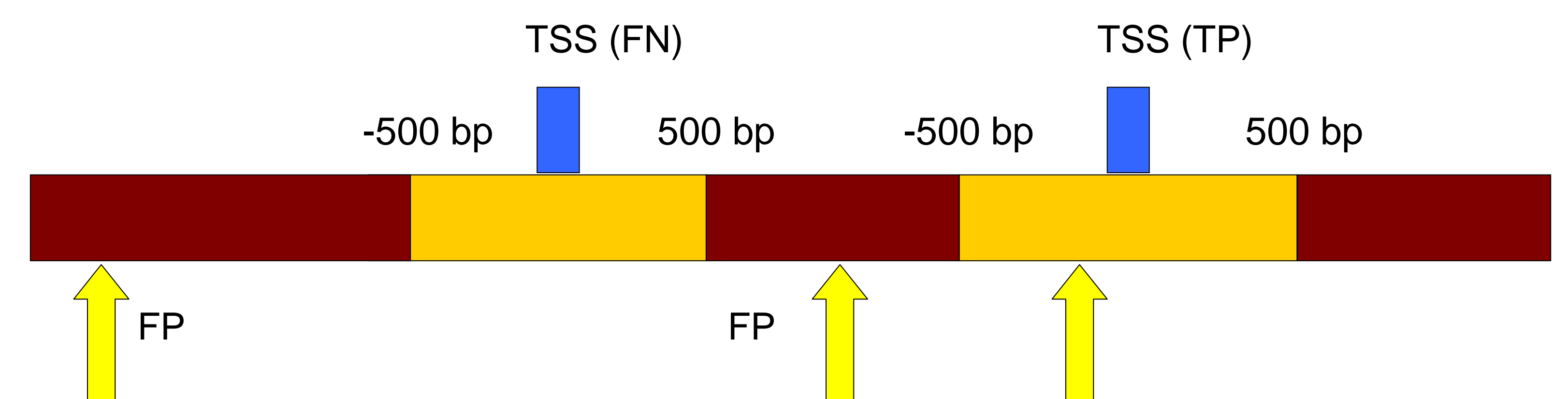
Single program	Recall	Precision	F-measure
ProStar	23%	60%	33%
EP3	34%	68%	46%
ProSOM	38%	69%	48%



Combination	Recall	Precision	F-measure
A) ProStar ∩ EP3 ∩ ProSOM	20%	87%	31%
B) Majority vote	35%	76%	48%
C) ProStar ∪ EP3 ∪ ProSOM	40%	54%	46%

## Validation

- Human genome assembly
- CAGE TSS tags for human (~120,000 TSS)
- TP: true positive: correctly predicted TSS
- FP: false positive: false prediction
- FN: false negative: unpredicted TSS



- |                          |             |
|--------------------------|-------------|
| • Triple intersection    | single best |
| • recall = 35%           | 38%         |
| • precision = <b>76%</b> | 69%         |
| • F-measure = 48%        | 48%         |